

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

RICK L. HICKS,

Petitioner,

v.

BRANDON PRICE,

Respondent.

No. 1:20-cv-01523-NONE-SAB-HC

ORDER ADOPTING FINDINGS AND
RECOMMENDATION, GRANTING
RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO DISMISS,
DISMISSING PETITION FOR WRIT OF
HABEAS CORPUS, DIRECTING CLERK OF
COURT TO ASSIGN DISTRICT JUDGE
AND CLOSE CASE, AND DECLINING TO
ISSUE A CERTIFICATE OF
APPEALABILITY

(Doc. Nos. 6, 14)

Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding *pro se* with a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. This matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302.

On June 14, 2021, the assigned magistrate judge issued findings and recommendation that recommended granting respondent's motion to dismiss and dismissing the petition as untimely. (Doc. No. 14.) The findings and recommendation were served on petitioner and contained notice that any objections were to be filed within thirty (30) days of the date of service of the findings and recommendation. The court granted petitioner an extension of time, and on August 6, 2021, petitioner filed timely objections. (Doc. No. 17.)

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1 In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), the court has conducted a
2 *de novo* review of the case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, including petitioner's
3 objections, the court holds the findings and recommendation to be supported by the record and
4 proper analysis.

5 Having found that petitioner is not entitled to habeas relief, the court now turns to whether
6 a certificate of appealability should issue. A petitioner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no
7 absolute entitlement to appeal a district court's denial of his petition, and an appeal is only
8 allowed in certain circumstances. *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 335-36 (2003); 28 U.S.C.
9 § 2253. Where, as here, the court denies habeas relief on procedural grounds without reaching
10 the underlying constitutional claims, the court should issue a certificate of appealability "if jurists
11 of reason would find it debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of a
12 constitutional right and that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was
13 correct in its procedural ruling." *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000). "Where a plain
14 procedural bar is present and the district court is correct to invoke it to dispose of the case, a
15 reasonable jurist could not conclude either that the district court erred in dismissing the petition or
16 that the petitioner should be allowed to proceed further." *Id.*

17 In the present case, the court finds that reasonable jurists would not find the court's
18 determination that the petition should be dismissed debatable or wrong, or that petitioner should
19 be allowed to proceed further. Therefore, the court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

20 Accordingly:

- 21 1. The findings and recommendation issued on June 14, 2021 (Doc. No. 14) are adopted
22 in full;

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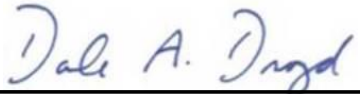
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2. Respondent's motion to dismiss (Doc. No. 6) is granted;
3. The petition for writ of habeas corpus is dismissed;
4. The Clerk of Court is directed to assign a district judge to this case for the purpose of closing the case and then to close the case; and
5. The court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: **October 1, 2021**


UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE